

Series MRK and MRM

For nominal pressures up to 640 bar/class 4500

Automatic Recirculation Valve for pump protection



Series MRK and MRM

The ultimate high pressure SCHROEDAHL Automatic Recirculation Valve, type MRK and MRM, is used as a pump protection system for centrifugal pumps for water applications

Introduction

SCHROEDAHL is the largest supplier of Automatic Recirculation Valves in the world. These ARVs, or pump protection systems, are our principal products. During the last 50 years, we have supplied more than 50,000 of these valves to satisfied customers all over the world.

In addition to the long time existing MRM-type, we have succesfully devoloped the MRK-type.



Features

- Automatic bypass operation
- Modulating functioning
- Low maintenance
- Easy to install
- Damping of system pulsations
- Self-operated
- Reduces plant investment and operational costs



Function MRM

The check valve (item. 7, page 4) moves upwards with an increase in main flow and downwards with a decrease in flow.

The movement of the check valve is transmitted directly via the lever (item. 13, page 4) to the bypass system.

When the check valve is closed, the bypass is completely open and full bypass flow is allowed to the deaerator (suction tank). With increasing main flow, the check valve is lifted off its seat and moves upwards.

Only when the bypass is completely closed, full flow to the system is allowed.

The valve is set in the factory in such a way that the specified minimum flow is reached when the check valve is seated (this means that the main flow is zero).



Function MRK

The MRK valve system is compromised of a check valve and a special control and throttle device for the minimum flow recirculation system (bypass system).

The general valve functioning is related to the process flow quantity (flow sensitive).

The bypass system itself consists of a primary regulating device (multi-staged), which is controlled by the main check valve and also a secondary extra special multi-staged pressure regulator. The functioning of the complete bypass is therefore split into two parts. Both parts (primary and secondary part) have to work together to fulfil the required pressure drop function as declared in our data sheet. The secondary part is controlled via the outer-connected pressure piping on the bypass section The valve protects high pressure centrifugal pumps against overheating and cavitation problems by automatically maintaining a minimum flow when the system flow is at low load condition. At lower process flows, the check valve activates the bypass trim parts via a lever system, so that the pump is protected with the correct minimum flow. When the process/system flow starts (increases), the main check valve lifts off its seat and starts to operate (modulate) the bypass recirculation flow that returns to the system tank. When the check valve identifies enough system flow, the bypass closes automatically (switch point). If the system flow decreases again, then the bypass also starts to recirculate automatically.

Typical drawing: Automatic Recirculation Valve MRK and MRM

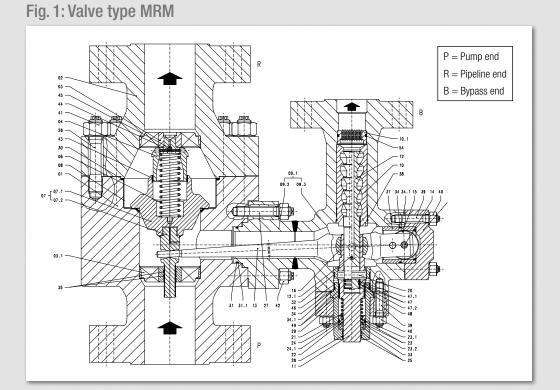
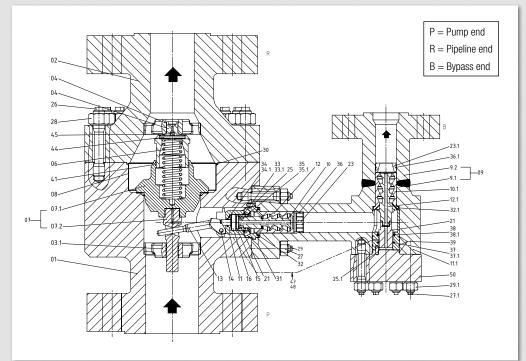


Fig. 2: Valve type MRK



Design and number of stages depends on load conditions.

Parts list (example for MRM type)

MRM standard parts list		MRI	MRM standard parts list			MRM standard parts list	
ltem	Description	Item	n	Description			Item
01	Lower Body	15		Roller			34
02	Upper Body	16		Link Nut			34.1
03	Stem Guide	20		Cotter			35
03.1	Stem Guide	21		Spring			36
04	Guide Bolt	22		Gland			37
06	Spring	23		0-Ring			38
07	Check Valve Cpl.	23.1	1	Step Seal		3	9
07.1	Check Valve	23.2	2	Glyd Ring		40)
07.2	Stem	24		0-Ring		41	
08	Liner	24.1	1	Guide Ring		42	
09	Bypass Housing Cpl.	25		Guide Ring		43	
09.1	Flange	26		Stud Bolt		44	
09.2	Bypass	27		Stud Bolt		45	
10	Vortex Bushing	28		Packing Bushing		46	
10.1	Orifice Plate	29		Packing Bushing Flange		47	
11	Plunger	30		0-Ring		47.1	
12	Vortex Plug	31		0-Ring		47.2	
12.1	Pin	31.1	1	Support Ring		48	
13	Lever	32		Guide Ring		49	
14	Pin	33		Packing Ring		54	

Materials

Standard housing materials available:

- Carbon steel ASTM A105, EN 1.0460
- Stainless steel ASTM A182, F316L, EN 1.4404 or ASTM A182 F347, EN 1.4550
- Duplex steel ASTM A479 (F51), EN 1.4462 or ASTM A479 (F55), EN 1.4501, plus materials for NORSOK applications.

The standard internals are made of stainless steel with a minimum chrome content of 13% (not valid for duplex housing material).

Other materials for housing and internals upon request.

Selection of the seal material according to medium and temperature conditions.

Selection of the housing material according to design pressure, design temperature and medium.

Valve sizes

The MRK and MRM type valves are available in sizes from DN 80 (3") to DN 300 (12"). Special sizes are available on request.

Connections

Flanges in accordance with EN or ASME; flanges in accordance with other standards (ISO, BS, JIS, NF) or hub connections upon request.

The valve in- and outlet can also be supplied with welding ends.



Operation range definition for MRK and MRM

The following descriptions typically classify the pump protection application:

Standard Operation Range Application, which is more typical for lower pressure applications rather than the high pressure MRK and MRM type applications:

The pump protection valves usually operate in the load range from 40% to 100% of the rated process flow. The automatic valve handles the typical time limited start-up and shut-down phase by automatically modulating the bypass control operation. MRK/MRM valves for high pressure services typically also need an adequately high bypass back pressure, e.g. an orifice restriction in the bypass line to prevent cavitation during the bypass flow phase.





MRK and MRM valves should follow the following classification:

Full Operation Range Application, which is typical for MRK/MRM applications:

For high pressure MRK (also for MRM) applications with the explicit definition of the full load range from 0 % to 100 % process flow, it is mandatory before order placement to evaluate special design impacts on the valve. Otherwise, the application will be classified as a standard range type. For the high load range, depending on the existing bypass pressure level, it may be necessary to increase the bypass back pressure to prevent cavitation, also in the low load range where the bypass is in modulating action. Therefore, the installation of a special back pressure valve BPV is recommended for the full operation range application to ensure that the bypass pressure level is always at a suitable level.

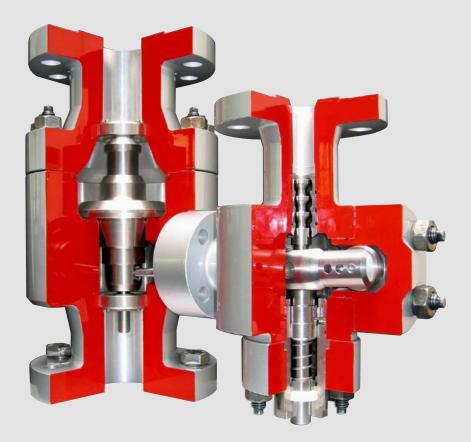


Type description

Size co	de	Pressure class code	Connection code	Configuration code
DN 80	(3") = 10	PN 63 Class 300 = 5	F = EN Flanges	V = Vertical Installation
DN 100	(4") = 11	PN 100 Class 600 = 6	U = ASME Flanges	H = Horizontal Installation
DN 125	(5") = 12	PN 160 Class 900 = 7	S = Welding Ends	A = Manual Start-up
DN 150	(6") = 13	PN 250 Class 1500 = 8		W = Oversized Bypass or
DN 200	(8") = 15	PN 320 = 9		Start-up Connection
DN 250	(10") = 16	PN 400 Class 2500 = 0		CS = Carbon Steel Body
DN 300	(12") = 17	PN 500 Class 3200 = A		SS = Stainless Steel Body
		PN 640 Class 4500 = B		SD = Duplex Steel Body

Example of type description for MRK and MRM valves

MRM150UVW-CS: valve type MRM, 8", Class 2500, ASME flanges, vertical installation, carbon steel housing material, oversized bypass connection



Installation information

The Automatic Recirculation Valve should be installed as close as possible to the centrifugal pump discharge, preferably directly on the outlet of the pump.

To prevent low frequency shocks caused by pulsation of the medium, the distance between pump outlet and valve inlet should not exceed 5 m with a straight pipe run at the inlet. Exceptions have to be communicated to SCHROEDAHL.

Vertical installation is preferred, but horizontal installation is also possible upon request. MRK and MRM valves operate at a low noise level and ensure a high reliability due to their sturdy design.

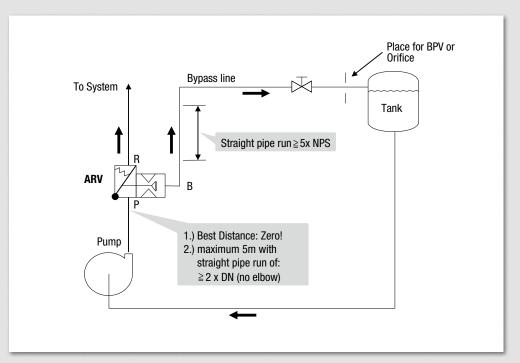
The recommended filter at the pump inlet should have a maximum mesh size of 0.3 to 0.5 mm. During commissioning we recommend a smaller filter mesh size (e.g. 0.1 mm).

Maintenance, spares and testing

Maintenance instructions are available upon request or at www.schroedahl.com.

Typically we recommend an inspection after commissioning (a gasket set is then required); after two years of operation, we recommend a bypass set for your stock.

A complete valve performance test run is recommended to be done together with the original pump. The bypass Kv/Cv value test can be certified at our test facility. Please contact SCHROEDAHL for additional information.



	SCHROEDAH we protect your business		Automatic Recirculation Valve Technical Data					
Customer: Enquiry no.: Prior referenc Order no.: Project:	e:	Quantity: TAG-No.:						
Automatic Re	circulation Valve type:							
Valve inlet Valve outlet Bypass outlet Start-up	DN PN DN PN DN PN DN PN	Flange Coo Installation Paint: Start-up:						
Mat/test cer Materials Housing		als:	Seal	S:				
Medium: S.G.:	kg/n	Operating ten n ³ Design temp. Desing Press	:	°C °C barg				
$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{M}} & = & & \\ \mathbf{Q}_{100} & = & & \\ \mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{max}} & = & & \\ \mathbf{Q}_{\mathrm{A}} & = & & \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} H_{0} & = \\ \hline \\ m^{3}/h & H_{M} & = \\ \hline \\ m^{3}/h & H_{100} & = \\ \hline \\ m^{3}/h & H_{0max} & = \\ \hline \\ m^{3}/h & H_{A} & = \\ \hline \end{array}$	m Suction pr m Differentia m Backpress m Backpress	l pr. (p ₁ -p _n) ; p _N	barg bar barg barg barg				
Notes:								
Revision Date	Description	Nar	ne	Signature				
H₀ H₀ H _w H _{so} S: H ₁₀₀₀ H H _{0max}		x		Tank Q _{min} Bypass Q _{min} Q _{min} Q _{min} Q _{min} Q _{min} Q _{min} Q _{min} Q _{min}				

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