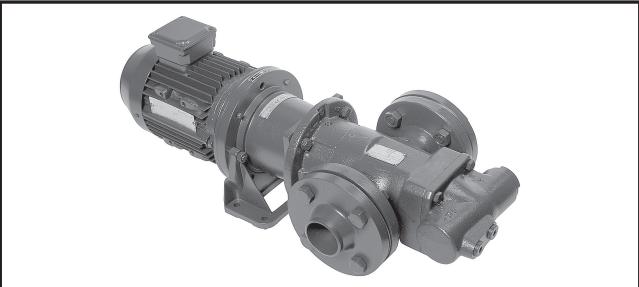


Screw pumps ACG/UCG 7

IMO[®]

Original Operating Manual



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Before commencing any work, read this instruction carefully! Failure to comply with these instructions may cause damage and personal injury!

Introduction

Other applicable documents

Document	Purpose
ATEX additional instructions	Operation in explosion-hazard areas
Order data sheet	Technical specifications, conditions of operation
Technical description	Technical specifications, operating limits
Supplier documentation	Technical documentation for parts supplied by subcontractors, e.g. drive system, coupling or auxiliary operating system.
Spare parts list	Ordering spare parts
Declaration of conformity	Conformity with standards,
	Content of the declaration of conformity

Safety

ATTENTION

The manufacturer accepts no liability for damages caused by disregarding any of the documentation.

Intended use

- Only use the pump to pump the agreed pumped liquids (\rightarrow order data sheet).
- Adhere to the operating limits.
- Avoid dry running:
 - Make sure the pump is only operated with, and never without, pumped liquid.
- Avoid cavitation:
 - Open the pressure-side fitting completely.
- Avoid damage to the motor:
 - Do not switch on themotor more that themaximumpermissible number of times per hour (→ manufacturer's specifications).
- Consult the manufacturer about any other use of the pump.
- Pumps delivered without a motor must be assembled into a pump unit according to the provisions of EC Machine Directive 2006/42/EC.

Prevention of obvious misuse (examples)

• Note the operating limits of the pump with regard to temperature, pressure, viscosity, flow rate and motor speed (→ order data sheet).

- When using auxiliary systems, ensure there is a continuous supply of the appropriate operating medium.
- Do not operate the pump while the pressure-side fitting is closed.
- Only select the setup type according to this operating manual. For example, the following are not allowed: – Hanging pumps in the pipe
 - Overhead installation
 - Installation in the immediate vicinity of extreme heat or cold sources

General safety instructions

ATTENTION Observe the following regulations before carrying out any work.

Product safety

The pump has been constructed according to the latest technology and recognized technical safety rules. Nevertheless, operation of the pump can still put the life and health of the user or third parties at risk or damage the pump or other property.

• Only operate the pump if it is in perfect technical condition and only use it as intended, remaining aware of safety and risks, and adhere to the instructions in this manual.

• Keep this manual and all other applicable documents complete, legible and accessible to personnel at all times.

• Refrain from any procedures and actions that would pose a risk to personnel or third parties.

• In the event of any safety-relevant malfunctions, shut down the pump immediately and have the malfunction corrected by the personnel responsible.

• In addition to the entire documentation for the product, comply with statutory or other safety and accidentprevention regulations and the applicable standards and guidelines in the country where the system is operated.

Obligations of the operating company

Safety-conscious operation

• Ensure that the following safety aspects are observed and monitored:

- Intended use
- Statutory or other safety and accident-prevention regulations
- Safety regulations governing the handling of hazardous substances
- Applicable standards and guidelines in the country where the pump is operated

• Make personal protective equipment available.

Qualified personnel

Make sure all personnel tasked with work on the pump have read and understood this manual and all other applicable documents, especially the safety, maintenance and repair information, before they start any work.
Organize responsibilities, areas of competence and the supervision of personnel.

- Ensure that all work is carried out by specialist technicians only:
 - Fitting, repair and maintenance work
 - Work on the electrical system

• Make sure that trainee personnel only work on the pump under the supervision of specialist technicians.

Safety equipment

• Provide the following safety equipment and verify its functionality:

- For hot, cold and moving parts: on-site safety guards for the pump
- For possible electrostatic charges: provide the necessary grounding
- If there is no pressure relief valve in the pump: Provide an appropriate safety valve on the pressure side between the pump and the first shut-off device

Warranty

• Obtain the manufacturer's approval prior to carrying out any modifications, repairs or alterations during the warranty period.

• Only use genuine parts or parts that have been approved by the manufacturer.

Drive system

For pumps delivered without a drive system, comply with the following requirements for the drive system:

- When using three-phase asynchronous motors, observe IEC 60034-30-1.
- Power of the drive according to EN ISO 5199 is recommended (EN ISO 5199 also applicable for drives of screw pumps).
- For stub shaft coupled pumps (LPD and ACD) connect motor and stub shaft directly.
- For other series use elastic coupling according to DIN 740-2.
- Use coupling guard with the following requirements:
 - Fastening elements must be connected to the pump unit in undetachable design (cannot get lost).
 - Safety distances against the reaching of hazardous areas according to EN ISO 13857 must be complied with.

Obligations of the operating company

• All directions given on the pump must be followed (and kept legible), e.g. the arrow indicating the sense of rotation and the markings for fluid connections.

- Pump, coupling guard and components:
 - Do not step on them or use as a climbing aid
 - Do not use them to support boards, ramps or beams
 - Do not use them as a fixing point for winches or supports
 - Do not use them for storing paper or similar materials
 - Do not use hot pump or motor components as a heating point
 - Do not de-ice using gas burners or similar tools
- Do not remove the safety guards for hot, cold or moving parts during operation.
- Use personal protective equipment whenever necessary.
- Only carry out work on the pump while it is not running.

• Isolate the motor from its supply voltage and secure it against being switched back on again when carrying out any fitting or maintenance work.

• Reinstall the safety equipment on the pump as required by regulations after any work on the pump.

Specific hazards

Explosion-hazard area

(→ ATEX additional instructions).

Hazardous pumped liquids

 Observe the safety regulations for handling hazardous substances (e.g. hot, flammable, poisonous or potentially harmful) when handling hazardous pumped liquids.

• Use personal protective equipment when carrying out any work on the pump.

• Noise level:

- Check individual pump series noise level in respective Product Description

These instructions are valid for all low pressure pumps as specified in the Pump identification chart below.

Pump identification Design modifi-Pump name Size Rotor Material Shaft-Mounting Valve Also Comments valid for seal pump-(3)(1)lead (2)design cation option body (1)(1) (1) LPD V Р Ν 1 Pumpunit 015 I В without shaft 020 coupling ACD Pumpunit L N 025 V } Ρ without shaft 6 В Ν coupling ACE 025 D 032 Κ Ρ N В A101 3 038 L Ν **LPE** D 025 V T } Κ В 032 3 Ρ Ν A101 L Y 0 038 N ACG/UCG 045 A101 D V } B F 052 K 7 Ν Еζ A327 A020 060 \bigcirc Ρ 070 A385 080 A020 ACF/UCF E⁽⁴⁾ K L N 090 A084 | N В Т $F^{(4)}$ 100 A087 5 Ρ (\circ) 110 A101 125 LPQ 100 1 Y Ρ Ľ R T ļ N P 'n } 110 125 JĴ 140

See Product description or Service instruction for specified pump (1)

model (2)

B = Flange mounting

F = Foot mounting Y = Vertical foot mounting

(3) E = Without valve

P = Valve with external returnP = Valve with internal return for total pressure range

Valid for UCF (4)

Option A020 A084

www.imo.se

Pump with surface treated casing(s) Pump with lifetime greased ball bearing Pump with CCW-rotation and lifetime greased ballbearing Pump with CCW-rotation, when not standard A087 A101

Pump with Tuning® Pump with Tuning® A101 + A327 A327 A328

A385

Identification of safety instructions Non compliance of safety instructions identified by the following symbol could affect safety for persons.



Safety instructions where electrical safety is involved, are identified by:

Safety instructions which shall be considered for reasons of safe operation of the pump or pump unit and/or protection of the pump or pump unit itself are marked by the sign:

ATTENTION

Installation

BEFORE COMMENCING ANY WORK, READ THIS INSTRUCTION CAREFULLY!

Design limitations and technical data for each pump are found in the **Product description**. Installation of IMO AB low pressure pumps does not require special skills. However, these instructions presume that the work is carried out by experienced fitters.

Maintenance and service instructions, which are specific for each pump are presented after the installation instructions.

Failure to comply with these instructions may cause damage and personal injury!

Transport and storage

Always protect the pump against ingress of water and other impurities. Store the pump in a clean, dry and warm environment. The pump is delivered with the internals oiled and with protective covers over the pipe connections and drain openings. These covers should remain in place for as long as possible during the mounting and installation procedure but must be removed before start up.

All work carried out on the pump has to be performed in such a manner that risks for personal injury are observed!

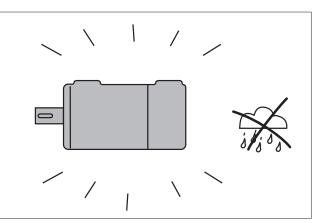


Fig. 1 Clean and dry environment.

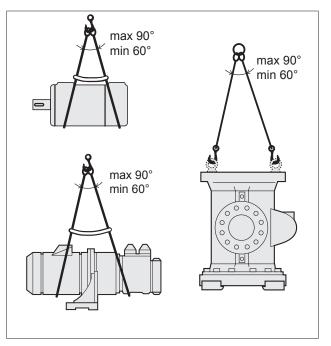


Fig. 2 Lifting of pump

All pumps should be lifted with straps securely attached to the pump or pump unit, so that the center of gravity is located between the straps in order to avoid tipping of the pump.

Use two eye bolts (M 20) securely fastened to the front cover for pump LPQ. Pump and connecting frame are lifted together using two eye bolts securely fastened to the top of the connecting frame. (Thread dimension is M 16, except for frame size 600, where it is M 20).

Lifting of the complete pump unit with the lifting device attached to the motor, should be avoided as the motor's lifting provisions may not be able to carry the combined weight of the pump and motor.

Lifting a complete pump unit, using slings or hooks attached to the pump or connecting frame may be dangerous since the centre of gravity of the pump unit may be higher than the points of attachments.

Mounting

For pumps in explosion-hazard areas (\rightarrow ATEX additional instructions).

The pump must be securely mounted on a firm stable foundation and positioned so that it is easily accessible for inspection and servicing.

Provisions for collecting oil spillage when servicing the pump should be considered.

ATTENTION

The installation must always be designed to minimise damage. Should an operational or functional failure occur. E.g. precautions should be considered to collect oil spillage due to a broken pipe or pump housing, to stop pump operation if overheating should occur or if the oil volume is below a minimum tank level.

Alignment and shaft couplings

The pump shall be connected to its driver via a flexible shaft coupling. Pumps of type ACG/UCG and ACF/UCF may also be driven via gears or pulleys as specified in the Product Description, provided the radial forces are kept within the specified range.

An angular misalignment of 0.1° corresponds to approx. 0.2 mm deviation/100 mm.

The coupling and alignment shall be selected not to transmit any axial or radial loads on the shaft ends. IMO AB standard couplings shall have a distance between the coupling halves as per table, fig 4. the coupling halves shall be secured by lock screws.

For other types of couplings, please refer to respective maker's manual.

When fitting the shaft coupling, do not use a hammer or similar as this may damage the ball bearing and shaft seal. Use some kind of press tool.

When handling liquids that may harm skin use gloves and/or protective clothing.

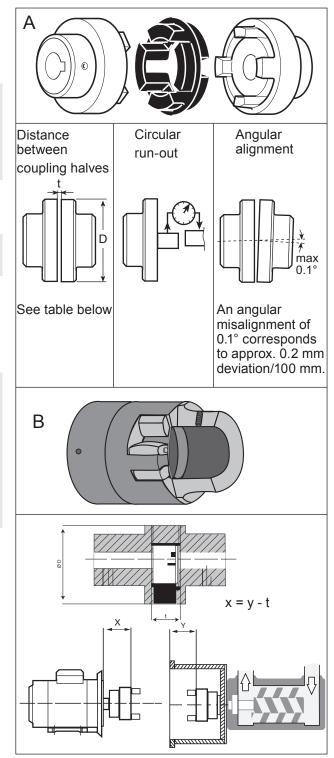


Fig. 3 Alignment of the IMO AB standard coupling

Out	Outer diameter		ter Distance between		Outer diameter	Distance between
of c	oupl	ing	coupling	halves	of coupling	coupling halves
(Dm	m)	(t mm)		(D mm)	(t mm)
	А	В	A	В		
5	50	26	2.0	8	148	3.5
6	67	40	2.5	16	168	3.5
8	32	55	3.0	18	194	3.5
9	97	65	3.0	20	214	4.0
1'	12	80	3.5	24	240	4.0
12	28	95	3.5	26		

Fig 4. Distance between coupling halves. (IMO AB standard coupling)



When handling liquids which may involve fire hazards appropriate precautions to avoid danger are to be taken.

Measures shall be provided to avoid accidental contact with the rotating shaft coupling. Any installed coupling guard shall permit easy access to the pump shaft for maintenance and inspection of the pump bearing and seal housing.

Pipe connections

The pipe work shall be installed and supported so that no pipe stresses are transfered to the pump body.

The pipe work should be tight in order to avoid leakage and infiltration of foreign particles and/or air. Shut off valves should be installed in both suction and discharge pipes, so that the pump can be hydraulically isolated.

Suction line

The suction pipe should be designed so that the total pressure drop, measured at the pump inlet flange, does not exceed the suction capability of the pump.

Make a proper calculation of the suction line including components such as valves, strainer, pipe bends etc. Generally, the pressure drop in the suction line should be as low as possible, which is achieved if the suction pipe is short, straight and has a suitable diameter.

The velocity in the suction line should be kept in the range 0.5 - 1.2 m/s. For L.O. circulating systems, we recommend to keep it as low as possible.

The suction line must be equipped with a port that allows filling the pump before start.

Discharge line

The discharge line should be dimensioned to keep the velocity in the range 1 - 3 m/s.

Deaeration

In installations with negative suction head, where the pump might be started against a pressurized system, a deaeration pipe with an orifice (2-3 mm recommended) has to be installed. The deaeration pipe should be connected to the outlet pipe's highest point.

This must also be installed when the pump is used as an stand-by pump.

For direct driven pumps the alignment between pump and motor shafts must be kept within the following limits:

	Max run-out	Max angular misalignment
	(mm)	(degrees)
Type LPD and ACD	(n/a short coupled)	
Other types	0.3	0.1

Fig 5.

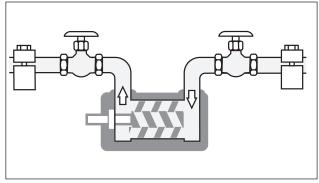


Fig. 6 Pipe connections

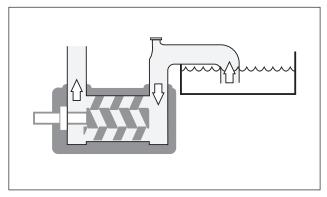


Fig.7 Suction line

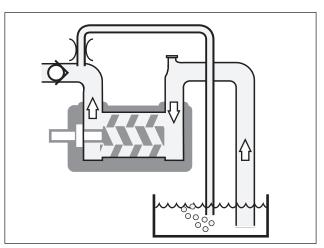


Fig. 8 Deaeration

Strainer

The pump has to be protected from foreign matter, such as weld slag, pipe scale, etc., that could enter the pump via the suction line. If the cleanliness of the system cannot be guaranteed, a strainer must be installed in the inlet pipe near the pump. For practical reasons a suction strainer with 0.6 mm mesh openings is recommended:

The size of the strainer should be selected so that it is large enough to allow adequate pressure at the pump inlet. The pressure drop across the strainer should preferably not exceed 0.1 bar at max. flow rate and normal operating viscosity. A vacuum gauge between the strainer and the pump inlet is recommended to indicate when the strainer needs cleaning.

Note: The service life of the pump is decisively influenced by the degree of contamination of the fluid being conveyed, that means, by the number, size and hardness of the abrasive components.

Shaft seal drain

The pump should be installed so that any leakage from the shaft seal does not become a hazard. As the shaft seal has to be lubricated a small amount of oil dripping cannot be avoided.

Provisions to collect the leakage from the shaft seal must be made.

A drain pipe can be connected to the drain connection on the pump, (not applicable to pump series LPD). However, when pumping heavy fuel oil or any other liquid that is likely to become very viscous at ambient temperature, we recommend that the liquid is allowed to drop freely from the drain opening.

Liquid trap

In some mounting arrangements the pump may not retain the liquid at stand still. In such installations the suction pipe should be arranged so it forms a liquid trap together with the pump, keeping the pump half filled with liquid. See fig. 11.

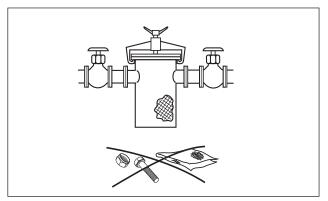


Fig. 9 Strainer

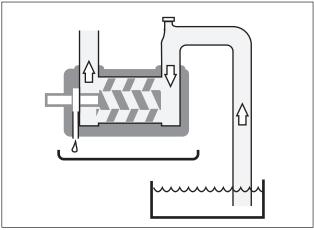


Fig. 10 Shaft seal drain

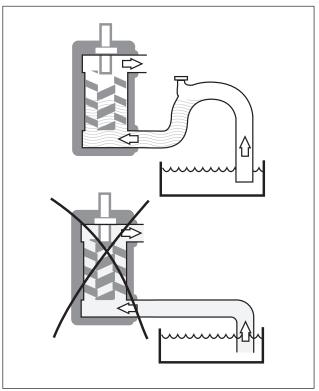


Fig. 11 Liquid trap

Gauges

Gauges for monitoring the pump's working conditions are recommended. These gauges should be placed readable as close to the pump's in- and outlet flanges as possible. On standard pumps, series ACE, LPE, ACG/UCG, ACF/UCF and LPQ, there are gauge connections for both in- and outlet.

Pressure relief valve

All systems with screw pumps should be equipped with a pressure relief valve installed immediately adjacent to the pump.

In the standard versions of IMO AB low pressure pumps, this pressure relief valve is an integral part of the pump to protect the pump against excess pressure.

This relief valve is intended for momentary protection of the pump against overpressure. It is neither intended to be a system pressure control device, nor used as a flow regulation device.

When liquid is circulated through the valve it is heated up in proportion to the set pressure level and the percentage of by-passed liquid.

Up to 50 % by-pass can generally pass for unlimited periods of time without harming the pump except when pumping low viscosity media.

If more than 50% recirculation is anticipated, a value specific to each application should be determined by closely monitoring the pump body temperature.

For flow less than ~50 m³/h

 100% by-pass can only be tolerated for less than about 3 minutes, provided the viscosity & temperature is within the limit of the pump type.

For flow higher than ~50 m³/h

- 100% by-pass is tolerated less than 30 seconds.

Note that an open valve can cause noise.

If the pump is operating in line with a separate pressure control valve (see fig. 14), the setting of the relief valve should be high enough to not to interfere with the control valve.

Likewise, if two pumps are operating in parallel, the setting should be such that interference between the two valves is avoided.

Pressure testing and flushing

The system must be flushed and pressure tested before connecting the pump. If corrosive liquid, such as water is used, the system must be thoroughly drained, dried and protected against corrosion after having been flushed.



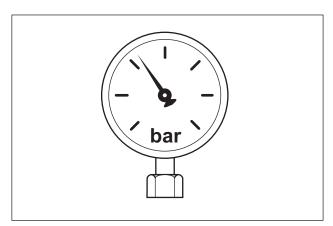


Fig. 12 Gauges

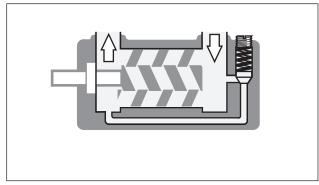


Fig. 13 Pressure relief valve

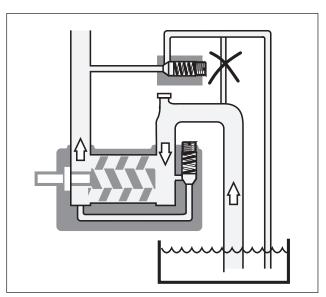


Fig. 14 External control with pressure relief valve

Start-up

For pumps in explosion-hazard areas $(\rightarrow \text{ATEX} \text{ additional instructions}).$

Before starting

After installation and whenever it can be assumed that the pump has been emptied, the pump must be thoroughly filled with liquid. See fig 15.

For ACE Generation 3, LPE Generation 3, ACG Generation 7 and ACF Generation 4 delivered after 1997, ACF Generation 5 and LPQ the pumps have been fitted with deaeration plugs making venting of the shaft seal compartment easy before start-up.

In installations with positive suction pressure: After opening the inlet and outlet valves, simply open the deaeration plug a few turns until oil sips out. Tighten the plug.

In installation with negative suction pressure: After opening the inlet and outlet valves, remove the deaeration plug and fill the shaft seal compartment with oil. Fit and tighten the plug. See fig. 16. Note: for LPQ the amount of oil is appr 50 liter.

Make sure the prime mover is locked out and can not be started accidentally.

Rotate the shaft by hand while filling the pump, to ensure that the rotor bores and the shaft seal cavity is filled. On the smaller pumps: (LPD, ACD, ACE, LPE, ACG/UCG), this is done by rotating the fan on the electric motor after removing the fan cover.

Do not forget to fit the motor fan cover again before making start of motor possible.

On the ACF/UCF and LPQ pumps, the pump can be turned using the shaft coupling. If the suction pipe cannot be completely filled, it is important to ensure that the trapped air is evacuated without any pressure build up. (See fig. 8 Deaeration).

ATTENTION

Starting a dry pump is likely to cause damage, especially to the shaft seal.

Direction of rotation

When the pump is ready to be started, switch the motor briefly on and off and check that the drive motor rotates in the correct direction as indicated by the rotation arrow.

The arrow is placed on different spots depending on the pump series.

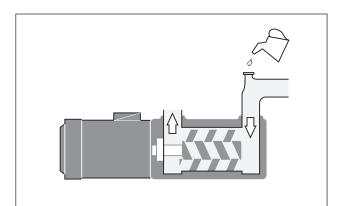


Fig. 15 Filling the pump

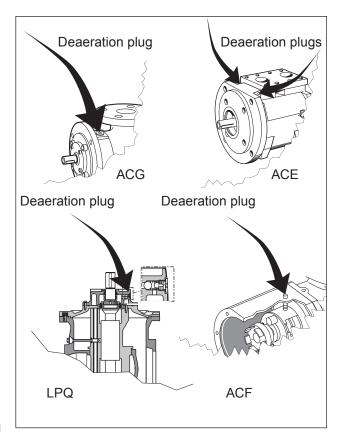


Fig. 16 Deaeration plugs

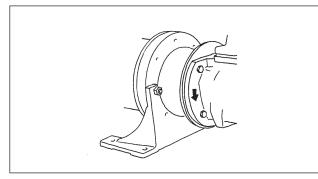


Fig. 17 Direction of rotation

ATTENTION

Don't mix up with arrow for inlet and outlet!

Starting

Check that all valves necessary for the operation are fully opened in both discharge and suction lines.

The first time, the pump should be started with the adjusting spindle of the pressure relief valve tightened to half of the available turns (the valve setting is increased when the spindle is turned clockwise).

By monitoring the pressure gauge it can be determined when the suction line is primed and the pump begins to work. Should the pump not operate normally soon after start, stop the pump within half a minute. Start again after about 3-5 minutes (the shaft seal must have time to cool off) and run for half a minute. This procedure may need to be repeated a couple of times if the suction line is extremely long. Should the pump still not work, it must be assumed there is a problem in the system that needs to be remedied. Check the suction line calculation on page 5 and/or see "Trouble shooting", page 10.

Pumps with external ball bearing including grease nipple, must be regreased after one hour of running, while the pump is operating

Setting the pressure relief valve

To set the opening pressure;

Tighten the valve spindle by rotating clockwise to the maximum extent. The system pressure is regulated by throttling an external valve to required value. The pressure relief valve is eased until the pressure is just beginning to decrease by turning the spindle CCW. The internal relief valve is now preset for desired opening pressure. Open the throttling external valve entirely.

As standard, the recommended valve setting is 1 bar above system pressure.

NOTE: The set screw on LPD is hidden behind a plate.

Adjusting the tuning

The tuning adjustment, which is a standard feature on ACF/UCF and LPQ (option on ACG/UCG pumps, is a device for minimizing the effects of dissolved and free air in lube oil systems. The tuning principle is described in the Product Description.

The tuning should be adjusted while the pump is working under normal operating conditions. This is done by turning the tuning spindle with an Allen key (size 8 mm for ACG/UCG, 12 mm for ACF/UCF and LPQ) to a position where the noise level comes to

a minimum. On a double acting pump like the LPQ pump, there are two tuning valves, which must be adjusted individually.

Setting of tuning of the LPQ:

- Before starting the setting check that both setting screws (8 mm socket head cap screw on the discharge side) are closed.
- 2. Turn the lower screw until the noise level obtains a minimum.(If turned too much the noise will increase again).
- 3. Turn the upper screw and continue to reduce the noise level. (If turned too much the noise will increase again).
- 4. Repeat item 2. and 3. in order to achieve the lowest possible noise level.

Setting of tuning of the ACG/UCG and ACF/UCF:

- Before starting the setting, check that the setting screw (8 mm: ACG/UCG, 12 mm: ACF/UCF, socket head cap screw on the discharge side) are closed.
- 2. Turn the screw CCW until the noise level becomes the lowest (if turned too much the noise will increase again).

Once set, the tuning needs no further adjustment, providing the operating conditions stay the same.

NOTE: It's not possible to accidentally turn the tuning spindle too far.

If operating temperature exceeds 60°C (149°F), appropriate measures to avoid skin contact shall be provided.

Use hearing protections whenever high noise can be expected from pump, motor and/or environment.

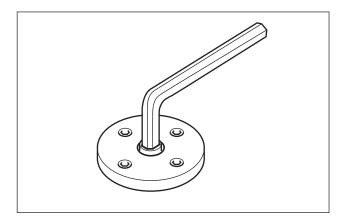


Fig. 18 Adjusting the tuning

Trouble shooting

Problem	Cause	What to do
Wrong direction of rotation	 Electric cables to motor wrongly connected. 	Reverse the terminal connection on electric motor. Connecting and discon- necting of electric cables must be done only by personnel authorized to do such work.
The pump cannot be primed	 Wrong direction of rotation. Suction line is not open or pressure drop in the suction line is too high. Major air leakage into the suction line. The pump cannot evacuate 	See above. Check all components in suction line. The inlet condition should be checked with a vacuum gauge at the pump inlet. Check the suction line. See the chapter on Deaera-
	the air through the discharge line due to excessive counter pressure.	tion (see page 5).
No flow	 The pump is not primed. The pressure relief valve is set below the counter pressure. 	See above. Readjust the pressure relief valve to a value above counter pressure.
Flow too low	 The pressure relief valve is set too low (Discharge pressure also low). Something is restricting the flow in the suction line. (This would usually cause noise). The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of com- pressible gas, such as free air. (This would usually cause noise). 	Readjust the pressure relief valve. Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.). See the chapter on Noise and Vibration. (Page 11).
Pressure too low	 The pressure relief valve is set too low. Counter pressure in the discharge line is too low due to a major leakage. The valve piston is stuck in open position. Something is restricting the flow in the suction line. (This would usually cause noise). The pumped liquid contains a significant amount of com- -pressible gas, such as free air. (This would usually cause noise). A too small pump has been chosen. 	Readjust the pressure relief valve. Check the components in the discharge line inclusive the recipients. Check the valve. See Maintenance and Service instruction for respective pump. Check all components in the suction line (strainers, valves etc.). See the chapter on Noise and Vibration. (Page 11). Contact your IMO AB representative.

Disturbance	Cause	What to do
Pressure too high	- The pressure relief valve is set too high.	Readjust the pressure relief valve.
	 The oil is too cold (or has higher viscosity than anticipated). 	Reduce the pressure setting until operational temperature has been reached.
	- Counter pressure in the discharge line is too high.	Check the discharge line.
Drive motor difficult to start or tends to stop by tripping	- Counter pressure too high.	See above: Pressure too high.
the motor overload relay	- Liquid too cold	Readjust the pressure relief valve to a lower value. Thus the power consumption for the pumping is relieved and overloading due to the high viscosity may be avoided. When the liquid has reached normal temperature and thus flows easily, the relief valve is reset to normal pressure.
	 Motor is undersized for the prevailing conditions. 	Check the motor.
	- Electrical power supply faulty.	Check the motor and motor connection.
	 Motor overload relay set too low or is faulty. 	Readjust or replace the relay.
	- Incorrect setting of Y/D starter.	Readjust the setting of the starting sequence. The time before the motor overload relay is tripped should not exceed 10-15 seconds.
Noise and vibrations	- The flow to the pump is insufficient.	See chapter: The flow is too low.
Monitor the pump function and shut down if any sign of malfunction is noticed.	 Insufficient support of pipe work. 	Check for pipe vibrations in the pump connections. Check that the pipes are sufficiently clamped.
	- Bad alignment	Check alignment, see page 4.
	 Air leakage into the suction line. 	Check the suction line for air leakage.
	- Free air in the liquid or gas cavitation.	For pumps with Tuning: Adjust the Tuning. If this does not help or for pumps without Tuning: Contact your IMO representative or IMO service dept.
	- Faulty electrical supply.	Check all three phases of the supply.

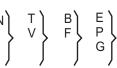
Maintenance and Service

For pumps in explosion-hazard areas (\rightarrow ATEX additional instructions).

List of components

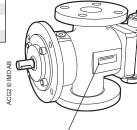
Valid for all pumps in sizes: ACG/UCG 045/052/060/070; Rotor diameter and generation: K7/N7

With version codes: N



Also valid for pump options: A101, A327, A385 Example of pump designations std: ACG 045N7 NVBP; option ACG 070N7 NVBP A101

		Qty	C	ompon	ents in	cluded	in Spa		Explanations: G011: Rotor set		
PosNo	Denomination		G011	G012	G050	G053	G054	G057	G070	Note	CCW-rotation option
1010	Power rotor CCW-rot.	1	х				(x)				G012: Rotor set
1020	Power rotor CW-rot.	1		х			х				CW-rotation (std)
106	Balancing piston	1	х	Х			Х			5	
113Sha		1	х	х			Х				G050: Shaft seal
120	Distance sleeve	1									Coool Chair Coal
122	Ball bearing	1				х	Х				G053: Minor kit
124	Retaining ring	1				Х	Х	Х			(G050 + G057) + 122
124A	Support ring	1				х	Х	Х			(0000 + 0001) + 122
201	Idler rotor CCW-rot.	2	Х				(X)				G054: Major kit consisting
202	Idler rotor CW-rot.	2		х			Х				of: G053+G012 (G011)
359	Distance washer	1									01. 0000 0012 (0011)
359A	Support ring	1				х	Х	Х			G057: Joint kit
401	Pump body	1									6007. JOINT KIT
424	Sleeve	1								4	G070: Valve element
424A	Washer	1								4	GUTU. Valve element
429	Spindle	1								4	
437	O-ring	1								4	ACG Pump with DIN
440	Return valve	1								8	flanges
451	Screw	4/6									
453	Screw	4									UCG Pump with ANSI
462	Plug	2								1	flanges
462A	Sealing washer	2				Х	х	Х		1	
473	Grease nipple	1									A101: CCW
473A	Grease nipple cover	1									
480	Valve housing	1								2	A327: With Tuning
5010	Front cover	1									
502	Tension pin	1								6	A385: CCW and Tuning
502A	Plug	1								6	Notes:
506	Gasket	1				Х	Х	Х			1) Excluded in xxxG
509	Shaft seal	1			х	х	х				2) Excluded in xxxE
514	Retaining ring	1				Х	Х	Х			3) Valid for xxxE
537	Plug	2									
537A	Sealing washer	2				Х	Х	Х			4) Valid for pump option
551	Rear cover	1								3	A327
556	Gasket	1				Х	Х	Х			5) Included in item 1020
601	Valve cover	1							х	2,7	or 1010
602	Sealing washer	1				Х	Х	Х	Х	2	6) Included in item 5010
605	O-ring	1				х	х	х	х	2	7) Only sold as G070
608	Valve spindle	1							Х	2,7	8) Removed from August 2011
608A	Retaining ring	1				х	х	х	х	2	
612	Set screw	1							Х	2,7	
614	Valve piston	1							х	2,7	
615	Valve spring	1							Х	2	



Name plate of the pump

Exploded view

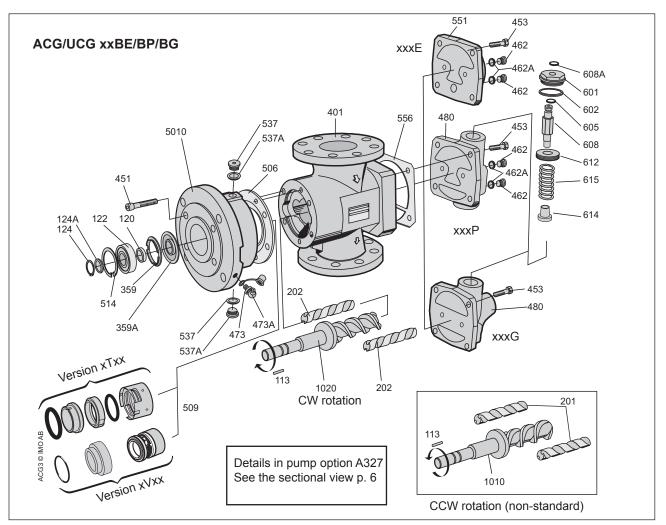


Fig. 1

Ordering code

Pos No	Spare parts sets	045	art num 052	bers, s i 060	zes 070	Recommendation: For maintenance the following spare part
G012 "	Rotor set CW-rotation (std):Normal lead- pump version N7Low lead- pump version K7				179523 187575	sets are recommen- ded: Set: To be used:
G011	Rotor set CCW-rotation (non-std):Normal lead- version N7Low lead- version K7				186502 189644	G057 Joint kit For dismantling of the pump
G050 "	Complete shaft seal - version code xVxx " - version code xTxx				190340 174128	G053 Minor kit For service
G053 "	Minor kit - version code xVxx " - version code xTxx				191247 191248	G054 Major kit For repair after dam-
G054	Major kit=G012(G011)+G053	-	-	-	-	age or greater wear.
G057	Joint kit	191237	191238	191239	191240	Ordering example:
G070	Valve element - version code xxxP/G	191250	191250	191251	191251	For IMO-pump ACG 045N7
122 Fig. 2	Ballbearing	078576	077461	191181	191182	NVBP, serial number 456789 Shaft seal pos G050 p/n_190335

Fig. 2

Service intervals

The intervals for inspection and replacement of wear parts vary greatly with the properties of the pumped liquid and can only be determined by experience. All internal parts of the ACG-pump are lubricated by the pumped liquid. Pumping liquid which contains abrasive materials, or liquid that is corrosive, will significantly reduce service life and call for shorter service intervals.

Wear in the pump may be indicated by:

- Vibration
- Noise
- · Loss of capacity
- Reduction in flow/pressure
- Leakage

In installations where unplanned shut downs must be avoided, it is advisable to have a complete pump available for replacement, should any malfunction occur. Furthermore we recommend planned inspection and overhaul at regular intervals, not exceeding 3 years.

It is recommended always to have the spares included in minor spare part kit available.



All work carried out on the pump has to be performed in such a manner that risks for personal injury are observed!

Shaft seal-assembly drawing

Inspection of shaft seal

As the seal faces of a mechanical shaft seal are lubricated by the fluid a certain leakage will always be present. Ten drops per hour can be considered as acceptable.

An external visual inspection of the pump is advisable at least every two days to assure that the shaft seal is not leaking too much.

Excessively leaking shaft seals should be changed without delay, as the leakage normally will grow worse and cause additional damage.

Follow the instructions in the dismantling/reassembly session.

When working with a shaft seal, cleanliness is of utmost importance. Avoid touching the seal faces. If necessary, the seal faces should be cleaned immediately prior to assembly, using a dustfree cloth and clean solvent.

Never use grease on the seal faces.

Connecting and disconnecting of electric cables must be done only by personnel authorized to do such work.



If the pumps operating temperature exceeds 60°C let the pump cool off before any service, maintenance or dismantling work is commenced to avoid burn injury.

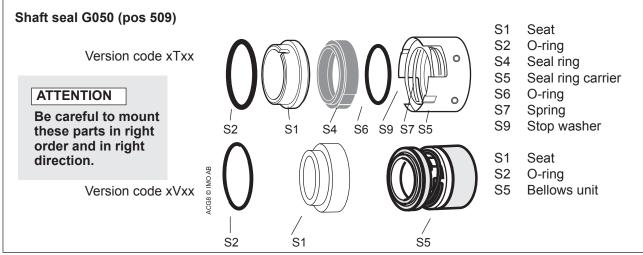


Fig. 3

Service for ball bearing

The ACG-pump is fitted with an external grease lubricated ball bearing.

When delivered from IMO AB, the ball bearings in pump version xVxx are filled with grease of type B. For version xTxx, type C is used.

Whenever the ball bearing is removed, it is recommended to exchange it for a new one.

Fit the new ball bearing properly greased and regrease it after one hour of running, while the pump is operating. Use an appropriate type of grease, as per table and a grease gun suitable for grease nipple (pos 473) according to DIN 71 412 (ISO 6392).

On vertical mounted units the greasing intervals are reduced to half.

Installed in dusty or dirty premises or in a corrosive environment it should be lubricated at more frequent intervals.

If using others than these recommended greases check if it is possible to mix them with each other, otherwise clean before using a new grease.

Lubricating intervals in working hours

Temp	Pump sizes 045 and 052 Pump sizes 060 and 070						Pump sizes 045 and 052						
max	Grease	Speed, r/min								Speed	d, r/min		
°C	type	3600*	2900	1750	1450	1150	950	3600*	2900	1750	1450	1150	950
70	A	8500	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	7500	8500	10000	10000	10000	10000
90	A	3350	3950	5350	5950	6350	7500	2950	3350	4750	5150	5950	6750
110	В	2650	3150	4250	4700	5000	5950	2350	2650	3750	4100	4700	5350
130	В	1050	1250	1650	1850	2000	2350	900	1050	1500	1600	1850	2100
155	С	650	750	1050	1150	1250	1500	600	650	950	1000	1150	1300

*) at rotation speed > 3 600 r/min special instructions are given by IMO AB.

Recommended greases (the availability of the greases can differ locally):

Type A: BP Energrease LS 3, Esso Beacon 2, Mobilgrease HP 222, Shell Alvania G3, Texaco Multifak EP2, SKF LGMT2,

Q8 REMBRANDT EP2, CASTROL APS2, ELF ROLEXA 3, TOTAL MULTIS TIR EP3, FINA MARSON L3. Type B: BP Energrease LC2, CHEVRON SRI GREASE 2, Esso Unirex N3, Mobilith SHC220, SHELL RETINAX LX,

SHELL Albida LX, VAL-PLEX EP GREASE, Texaco Hytex EP2, SKF LGHQ 3, Q8 RUBENS, CASTROL LMX, INDUSTRIAL GREASE HEAVY, TOTAL MULTIS THT2, FINA PLUTON L2.

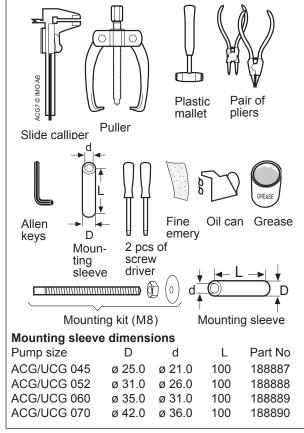
Type C: Mobilith SHC 460

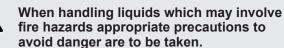
Pump size	045	052	060	070
Grease amount (g)	4	6	7	9

 \triangle

Before any maintenance work, ensure that the driver is deenergized and the pump hydraulically isolated.

Useful tools





In case of failure for a system with elevated pressure, fluid jets may cause injury and/or damage.

Inspection of rotors

If an indication of a worn pump is noticed (see service intervals above), a brief inspection of the idler rotors is recommended.

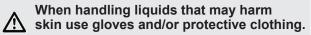
A quick inspection of the idler rotors can be made simply by removing the rear cover or valve cover. Note that the driver must be deenergized and the pump hydraulically isolated before the rear cover is removed. Provisions to handle the fluid are to be made. If a more thorough investigation is needed, proceed as under "Dismantling".

Internal clearances in the pump, which are vital for its proper function, may have been affected by wear. Acceptable wear can be determined only by experience of the actual application. As a rule of thumb the following max clearance values may apply:

- Between rotor and bores or bushings: 0.2 mm
- Between rotor flanks: 0.4 mm

For light duties (low pressure, medium viscosity) even bigger clearances may be acceptable but for low visc./ high pressure duties the limit will be lower.

Also check if there are major scratches on these parts.



Oil leakage may make the floor slippery and cause personal injury.

Sectional view

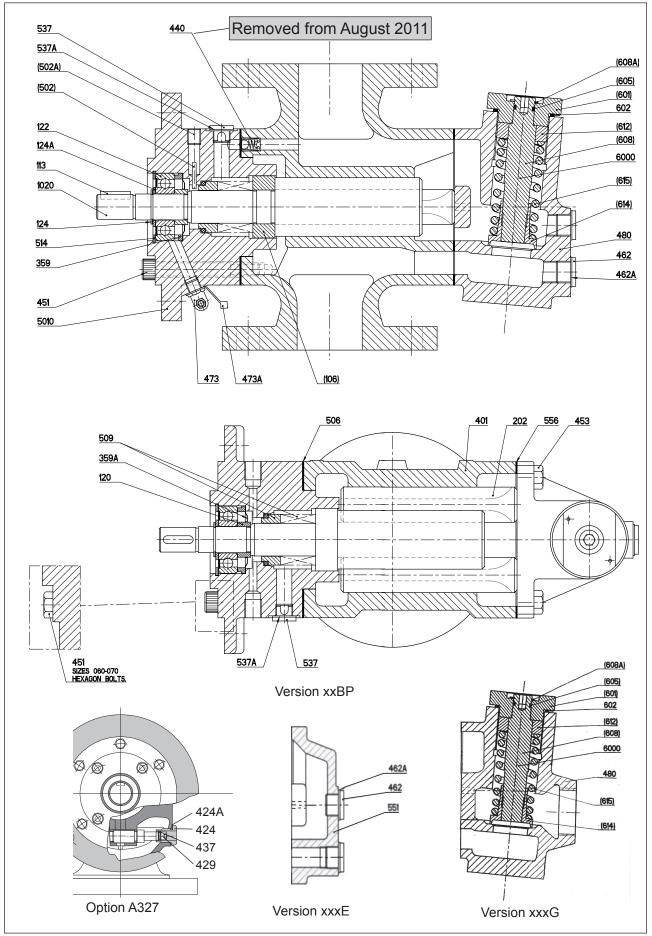
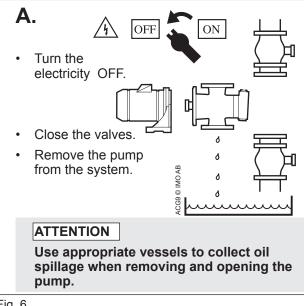


Fig. 5

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Dismantling





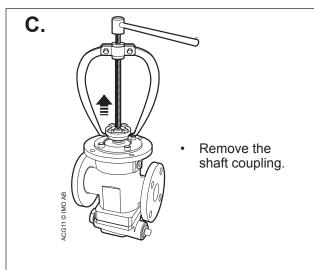
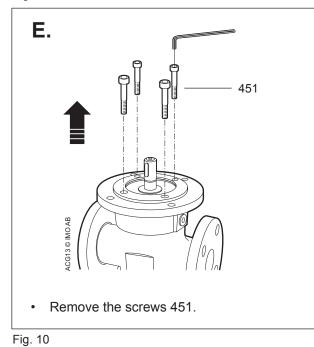
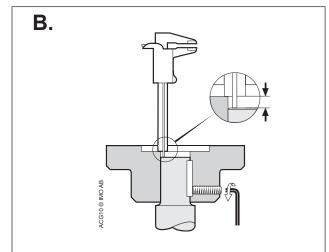


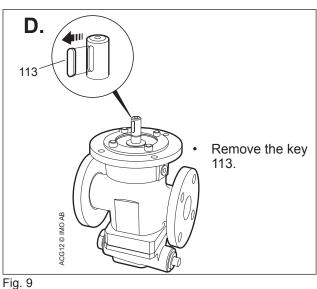
Fig. 8





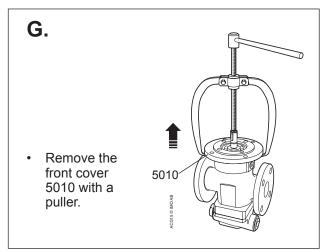
- Note the axial position of the shaft coupling. •
- Release the stop screw. •





F. 124 124A 514 ACG14 © IMO AB Remove the retaining rings 124 and 514. Remove the support ring 124A. •







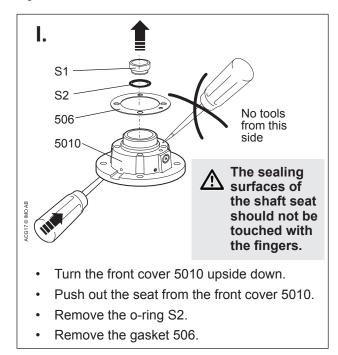
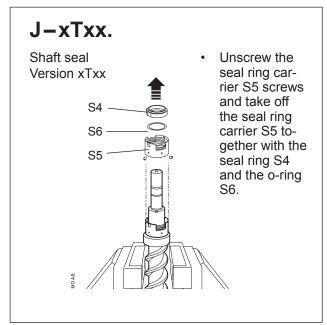
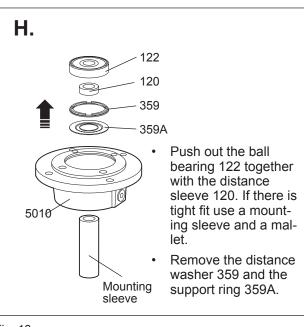
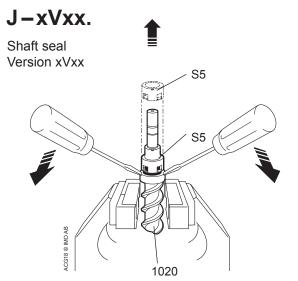


Fig. 14



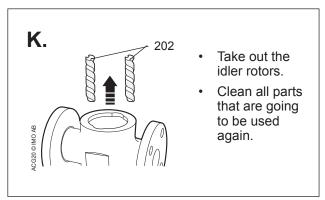






- Pull the power rotor 1020 out of the pump body and place it into the jaws of a jaw vice with **soft** jaws or a column drilling machine.
- Push with two drivers as shown on the sketch, to remove the shaft seal.







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Fig. 16

Reassembly

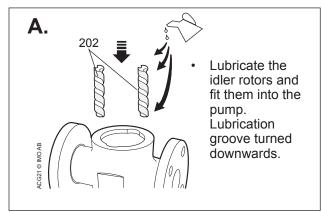
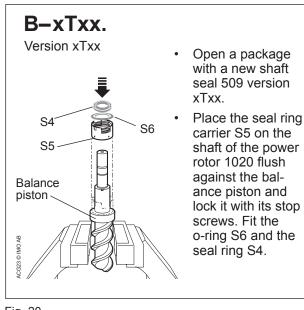
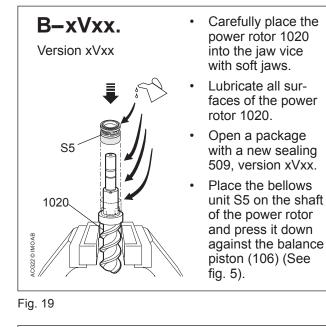


Fig. 18





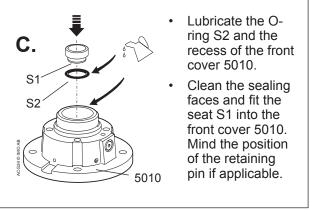


Fig. 20

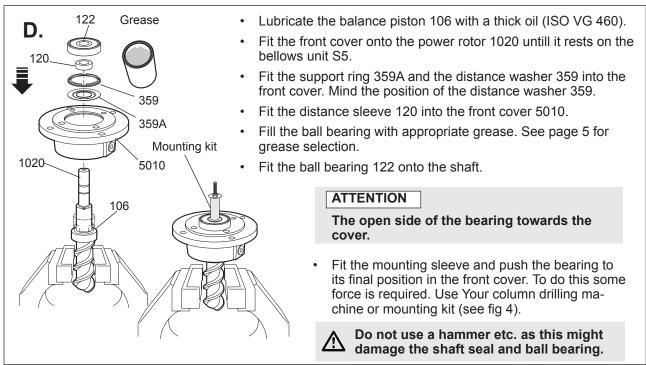


Fig. 21

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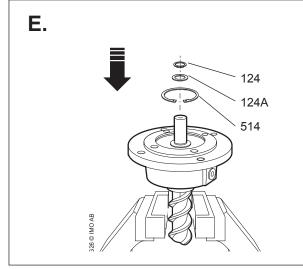


Fig. 23

F.

- Fit the key back in position, see fig. 9.
- Fit the shaft coupling back into place (see fig. 7 and 8) with the same methode used when fitting the ball bearing.

Fig. 24

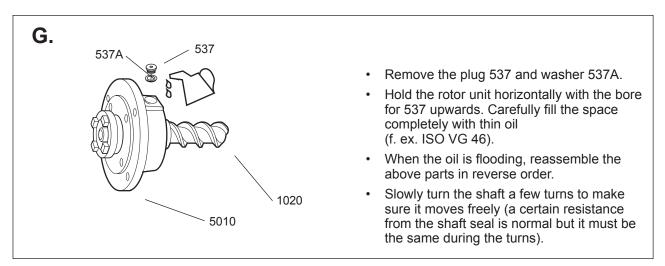


Fig. 25

• Fit the support ring 124A and the retaining ring 124 on the shaft.

Do not use a hammer etc. as this might

damage the shaft seal and ball bearing.

• Fit the retaining ring 514 back in place.

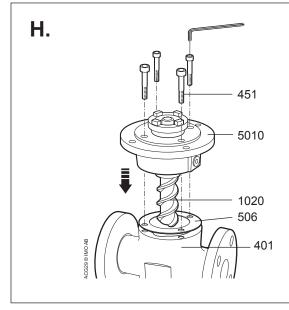


Fig. 26

I.

 Put the pump back into the system and proceed according to instructions under "Startup" in the installation manual.

Fig. 27

Pressure relief valve

Replacement of O-ring 605

- To avoid changing the setting of the valve, use an Allen key to prevent spindle 608 to turn. Unscrew cover 601 and pull up unit 601/608.
- Remove retaining ring 608A and pull the spindle 608 out of cover 601. Replace O-ring 605 and assemble the unit 601/608 in reverse order. Replace retaining ring 608A if necessary and washer 602.
- Fit the unit 601/608 in the valve. Make sure the 608 enters the set screw 612 and use the Allen key to prevent 608 to turn when cover 601 is tightened.

Replacement of Valve Element G070

- Release the spring tension by turning the spindle 608 CCW with an Allen key. Use the Allen key to prevent spindle 608 to turn and unscrew cover 601 but do not remove it yet.
- Remove the set screw 612 by turning the spindle 608 CCW. Pull out the valve piston/spring unit 614/615.
- Fit the valve element in reverse order with a new washer 602. Turn the spindle 608 CW until the set screw leave enough room for cover 601. Use the Allen key to prevent 608 to turn further when cover 601 is tightened.
- Adjust the valve setting according to the "Installation and Start-up Instruction for IMO Low pressure pumps".

- Place the gasket 506 on the pump body 401.
- Lubricate the power rotor 1020 and fit the front cover 5010 together with the rotor set into the pump body. Mind the position of the tension pin 545.
- Fit the screws 451 and tighten them crosswise.

608A 601 Version P 480 453 602 605 462 8 608 6 462A 612 462 615 614 Version G 453 ACG30 © IMO AB 480



Adress:

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